

Risk assessment

Emsworth Radio Sailing

Emsworth Radio Sailing (ERS) is the name taken by a Group of Radio-Controlled Model Yacht Racing enthusiasts who began to organize racing between themselves with International One Metre yachts (IOM) on the Mill Pond at Emsworth, Hants in the 1990's.

From a few participants who were members of either Emsworth Sailing Club (ESC) or Emsworth Slipper Sailing Club (ESSC) the group has grown, and now includes sailors who are not members of either yacht club. The group has also adopted a further class of yacht, the DragonFlite 95 (df95).

The group has no management responsibility for the Mill Pond or the premises from which the group sails. The Mill Pond is managed by Havant Borough Council (HBC) and the sailing clubs (ESC and ESSC) manage their premises.

Description of activities

Radio sailing is primarily a land based sport with competitors moving in close proximity along a limited section of the Pond's shore line.

On rare occasions a rowing dinghy is used to rescue model yachts or to lay / move racing marks.

Radio sailing takes place at the following locations on the shore line of the Mill Pond:

- ESC private car park
- ESSC dinghy compound
- more rarely Mill Pond wall path.

Emsworth Mill Pond is a seawater pond regularly drained and refilled. Maximum depth is about 1.5m with many areas considerably less than that depth. The Pond also has a fresh water stream feeding it.

Model yacht access to the Mill Pond is primarily from the private ESC and ESSC pontoons when sailing from their premises or more rarely from the public path around east of the Pond.

The radio yachts are about 1m long and weigh less than 5 kg.

On the majority of radio sailing occasions fewer than 20 sailors are present and ERS are the only water users.

Population at risk

Primary population at risk from our activities are the radio sailors themselves and the occasional spectator. It should be noted that many of the competitors are of retirement age. As such a number of members may be particularly vulnerable to slips, trips and falls.



When sailing from the Mill Pond wall public path the competitors are in close proximity to members of the public. Members of the public can be of all ages.

Risk assessment methodology

The following steps were undertaken by a competent person and reviewed by the officers of the group:

- identify hazards
- assess the risks
- identify the risks control measures
- record the findings
- review the controls as required

Responsibilities

Overall and final responsibility for health and safety leadership and policy lies with the ERS Group captain.

Group officers to implement and communicate the risk control measures and to encourage reporting of accidents and near misses.

Competent person to advise Group captain of safety concerns and any need for a revision of this policy or the risk assessment.

Day-to-day responsibility for ensuring safe operation during radio sailing lies with the race officer and all competitors.

All members of the group should take responsible care of their own health and safely and are responsible for implementing the risk control measures identified in the following table.

Implementation

Due to the dynamic nature of sailing, the weather and persons taking part the control measures identified in the following table should be considered on arrival and implemented as required. For example, de-icing should be considered if it has been frosty.

All risks are assessed as LOW after implementation of the control measures given in the following table.



ERS Risk assessment and control measures			
Hazard / risk	Who might be harmed and how (consequences)	Risk control measures	
Parking on arrival / departure	Users of ESC or ESSC car parks	Highway Code guidance Risk - low	
low speed collisionbetween vehicles andor competitors	Injury from being struck by vehicles		
Vehicle movement near shore line in ESC	Competitors, race officials	Highway Code guidance	
car park during racing – low speed collision	Injury from being truck by vehicles – poor awareness as engrossed in the racing	Segregate competitors and race officials from parking by rope barrier / cones / notice	
between vehicles and / or competitors		Risk – very low with segregation	
Struck by movements of model yachts onshore and on the pontoons Struck by another competitor	Competitors, race officials (and members of the public if sailing from public path) Collisions between competitors and between competitors and yachts whilst moving during races resulting	Sheets eased, yacht held to wind head Consider segregation / one way system in windy conditions Risk - low	
Struck by mark during mark laying	In minor injuries Competitors, race officials Injury from being struck by mark	Mark layer to check the attachment of the line to the mark Mark layer to check line is still suitable (e.g. not frayed) Mark layer to check no persons are behind them and to shout warning All other persons to maintain distance from mark layer.	
		Risk - low	



		De-ice pontoon in winter Remove trip hazards from race control area Risk - low
Slip, trips & falls at ESSC Level changes (steps and walkways) Crowded boat park and possibility of head injury when yachts stored in the compound over winter.	Competitors, race officials Injury from fall / trip	Vulnerable persons request assistance Be aware of changes in levels (consider highlighting with paint) Remove trip hazards from race control area De-ice pontoon in winter Use of buoyancy aids Risk – low
Slip, trips & falls on public path Collisions competitors and / or members of the public whilst moving during races Dog leads tripping hazard	Competitors, race officials Injury from fall / trip Injury from collision with member of public	Vulnerable persons request assistance launching Consider restricted control area roped off from the public Remove trip hazards from race control area Risk – Low



Falls into water	Race officials whilst laying / retrieving / moving marks	Spatial awareness
	Competitors whilst launching and retrieving yachts	life jackets / buoyancy aids whilst afloat on rowing dinghy
	Competitors whilst moving along shore line	Retrieval of persons simple when event occurs nearby the pontoons as water shallow and pontoon freeboard is very low.
	Possibility of hypothermia and cold shock	Consider additional retrieval means (e.g. rope, ladder) if sailing from Mill Pond wall)
	Injury from fall	Risk - low
Weather	Race officials and competitors	
Cold / wet	Hypothermia	Adequate / appropriate clothing
Sunny / hot	Sunburn, skin cancer, heat exhaustion	Sun cream
		Risk – low
Radio interference	Race officials and competitors fitted with such devices – can cause	Inform prospective new members
with medical devices e.g. pacemaker	discomfort etc.	Current member requiring such devices should seek medical advice
	Less likely with race officials because increased distance from transmitter	Risk – very low
	Discomfort	
Water borne diseases	Race officials and competitors	Good hygiene
	Increased risk after heavy rain events due to increased freshwater run-off	Provide hand gel
	Illness	
		Risk - low
Human to human disease transmission	Those present	See Covid risk assessment
(e.g. Covid)	Illness	Outdoor activity will reduce risk
		Risk – low